(XLVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2368.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1792.

NOTTINGHAM, *March* 3.

BETWEEN 8 and 9 o'clock on Saturday evening last, the inhabitants of several parts of this town were visited by a smart shock of an earthquake, preceded and accompanied by a violent rumbling noise and tremor of the air, which alarmed them to such a degree that several of them quitted their houses and ran into the streets, expecting them to fall upon their heads; the duration, however, lasted but a few seconds, and the consequence not very material. At Grantham its effect was so violent that the house bell, at the George inn, was repeatedly heard to ring during its continuance.—It was also felt at Dunnington, Spalding, Seaford, Frockingham, Bourne, Bingham, and several of the neighbouring villages; also at Derby, Castle Donnington, &c. the houses were very much shaken. Its effect was nearly the same at all the above places.

The earthquake was likewise felt at Stamford, by the shaking of houses, whereby they were greatly alarmed. Also at Biggleswade, with the falling of some old houses, though no lives were lost.

LONDON, *February* 28.

STATE PAPER.

Ordinance concerning the French emigrants, sent by the court of Berlin to the directing minister of Anspach and Bareith.

BERLIN, February 4, 1792.

OUR intention is to grant to part of the French emigrators an asylum in our said provinces, in the manner as it is observed in the Austrian Netherlands.

We do ordain you to let all those who arrive in our said provinces enjoy the rights of hospitality, safety and protection, in the manner as is granted to other travellers; but do not permit them to recruit, to assemble in bodies, to exercise troops, to form camps, to establish magazines or arsenals, to buy horses, or undertake any thing that looks like warlike preparations. As to common soldiers and deserters that arrive with their arms, you ought to conform to the rules observed in the Austrian Low Countries, and in dubious cases apply to the government of Anterior Austria; for our will is, that the French emigrants shall be treated with us in the same manner as with them. But in difficult cases you ought to apply to the ministry of our cabinet.

We recommend also to your particular attention the French emissaries, who travel over all the world to propagate the spirit of rebellion.

As soon as they make themselves known through seditious speeches, or publishing of such like writings, you will send them immediately out of the frontiers, and in dubious cases apply to the ministry of our cabinet.

As to the publications in your provinces, which tend to former rebellions, you are to ensure them in a most rigorous manner, and most carefully to prevent their being published.

March 7. The port of Oczakow is to be cleared, during the summer, for large ships of war, and two hundred and fifty thousand roubles are appropriated to this purpose. A great number of rich and respectable Greek merchants are already preparing to reside at Oczakow and the ports of the Crimea; and it is credited, that within ten years commerce will have totally changed the present barbarous appearance of those countries.

Sir Joshua Reynolds was interred at his own request in St. Paul's Cathedral, which place he visited very attentively but a short time before his death. A monument, and a suitable inscription, will be placed in due time to his memory in the body of the Cathedral.

PITTSBURG, *May* 12.

By major M'Cully, just returned from visiting the posts at Yellow creek and Big Beaver, we are informed, that no depredations have been committed by the Indians near these posts this spring, and but few signs seen—The major also left the south-west frontier of Washington county on Thursday the 4th of May, and no discoveries have been made there since the unhappy broke of Leg's block-house on Dunkard creek.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 17.

Very wholesome advice is administered in a Boston paper of last week, relative to the popular choice of legislators. Sufficient caution is there given to the people, 1st. to choose no man who is remarkable for a super-abundance of low cunning; such a man in a legislative body will always have his private interests more at heart than those of the public.—2dly. Twisting characters, who are easily swayed, and will assent to any question that promises to favour self or party interest.—3dly. Speculating characters; men who creep into legislative bodies with a design to turn their legislative knowledge of *state secrets* to private purposes.—4thly. Greek and Latin not to be essential qualifications.—5thly. Legislators ought not to be concerned in pilot-boats, bound for the modern *Colchis*. Such, if put to the test, would in all likelihood, sell their country for a *scrip*.—"Let us not suffer a single ranger, speculator, or swindler in our public bodies—let us purge the tabernacle of all contamination by stock-jobbers, who consider the United States as a lottery-office and the rights and privileges of the people as a discount from their prizes. Let us sweep the legislative floors of such vermin, who devour liberty in the bud, and suck the vitals of the honest industrious farmers, merchants, and tradesmen. Let us unite, to a man, and elect only such as will promote agriculture, the arts, true commerce, and the general good of the country."

May 21. We have the pleasure to communicate to the public, that letters have been received, at the war-office, from major Hamtramck, commanding at Post Vincennes, on the river Wabash, dated 30th of March last, stating that he had made a pacific agreement with the Wea and Eel river Indians, and expected that the Pyankeshas would immediately become parties thereto—These tribes, with their subdivisions of villages, embrace a considerable part of the Wabash Indians who have hitherto been hostile.

It would appear, from the information of the chiefs of the said tribes, that the Kickapoos of the Wea have removed to the Illinois river—but that if they return to their former situation, the Wea and Eel river Indians have stipulated, that the said Kickapoos shall become parties to the agreement made with major Hamtramck; or, they themselves will drive them out of the country.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the first information at Lisbon, to his correspondent in this city, dated March 18.

"After certain intelligence had been received at Gibraltar that Muley Yazed had defeated his brother's army on the 12th of last month, about the end of the same month the unexpected news arrived there of his having died on the 16th, in consequence of his wounds; as likewise the death of his antagonist, Muley Ishem, who is reported by some to have been killed in the battle; and by others, to have died also of the wounds he received in battle. What is asserted to be less doubtful is, that Muley Islama has actually been proclaimed emperor at Tangier. He is also asserted to be a much more unexceptionable character than the two brothers who have fallen, and more likely to cultivate peace, upon reasonable terms, with all nations.—The same letter mentions the 22d instant as the day agreed upon for the delivering up of Oran to the regency of Algiers."

Extract of another letter from the same gentleman, dated Lisbon, March 25.

"The ameliorations in the queen's health are great. Doctor Willis found that the physicians had treated her case in a very improper manner. It seems probable, that, if the same treatment had been continued a little longer, she must have died. At present doctor Willis entertains hopes of her total recovery. Yesterday she was much better than she has been at any other time since his arrival, and entirely in her right mind—I am just informed that the emperor of Germany is dead. This news was brought by a courier from Madrid to the Spanish *charge des affaires* here."

On the 28th of February last, count Florida Blanca was removed from his employment as prime minister of Spain; succeeded by count d'Aranda. The same day an edict was published, by which the superintendency over all the departments of the government is vested in the council of state, of which his catholic majesty has declared himself president, and the count d'Aranda senior member.

General William Bowles, who has excited so much attention for a year or two past, both in Europe and America, is now a prisoner in the Moro castle at the Havanna. Three Cherokee Indians (his companions) are in the same situation. It is thought the depredations he has committed on the Spanish settlements will cost him his life.—Our accounts add that this invetecost him his life.—Our accounts add that this inveterate enemy to the United States was with the Indians in the action near the Miami towns on the 4th of November last.

When the queen of France heard of her brother, the emperor of Germany's death, she exclaimed "*If my misfortunes were not before at their height, their measure would now be filled.*" Your kings and queens out-cry is made forsooth, and they lick over their supposed wounds with as pitiful a yell as a puppy that has been kicked!

Accounts recently received from Sweden (via Scotland) mention the destruction of one fourth part of the city of Gottenburg by fire, on or about the first of March. The computed loss is said to be immense.

WINCHESTER, *May* 7.

We have received the melancholy information of the Indians having penetrated into the country as far as the head waters of Dunkard creek, within fifteen miles of Morgan-town, where they have committed murders on our innocent fellow-citizens, the bare recital of which is sufficient to stir up every latent spark of American valour to revenge. On the plantation of one Leg there was a block-house, in which nine militiamen were stationed; seven of these having gone to the Pau-Pau station, about eight miles distant, on some business with their officer, and the other two being out, cutting timber for benches, a party of Indians, consisting of fifteen or twenty, came in the interim, took Mr. Leg, two of his children, a man by the name of Honsacre (who was out in a field, and was first wounded by them) a young woman of the name of Baldwind, and five children (part Honsacre's) prisoners. Mrs. Leg was wounded above the shoulder bone, but escaped to the house of one Curlet. Having secured the prisoners, the Indians set fire to the dwelling house and block-house, and then proceeded up the creek about nine miles, and encamped. On the march, Honsacre, being faint with the loss of blood, they pricked him with knives and spears to make him keep up. At the place they encamped, they scalped him and knocked out his brains. Mrs. Honsacre bemoaning the loss of her husband, was tomahawked by them, and her youngest child, who cried bitterly at the tragic scene she beheld, also fell a sacrifice to savage vengeance. A party of militia went in pursuit of them next day, arrived where they had encamped, buried the unfortunate Honsacre, his wife and child, and then proceeded on, but without effect, as they did not overtake the Indians.—The militia returned the Sunday following, and reported, that as they came back, they discovered a fresh trail, from which it is conjectured another party of Indians is still hovering about the settlements. The house above mentioned, said to be set on fire, was extinguished by a person who was passing by, before much damage was sustained—the block-house was reduced to ashes.

ANNAPOLIS, *May* 31.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated May 20.

"From what I could learn, there seemed to be a division among the republicans in favour of Clinton for the office of vice-president. The present incumbent, 'tis generally thought, would think better of the people by mixing a little with them. He would find they were mild, amiable, and not disposed to riot; that, in fact, no danger is to be apprehended from them to any of the salutary objects of society. By being under the government of the law, administered by others, without the prospect of wielding any other rod of authority than an ordinary walking cane, he might gradually feel with them, and look with an eye of jealousy toward those who live on public taxes, and despise the source from whence they are drawn."

SECOND CONGRESS
OF THE UNITED STATES.

At the first session, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday the twenty-fourth of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

An ACT more effectually to provide for the National Defence, by establishing an Uniform Militia throughout the United States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each and every free able-bodied white male citizen of the respective states, resident therein, who is or shall be of the age of eighteen years, and under the age of forty-five years, (except as is herein after excepted) shall severally and respectively be enrolled in the militia, by the captain or commanding officer of the company, within whose bounds such citizen shall reside, and that within twelve months after the passing of this act. And it shall at all times hereafter be the duty of every such captain or commanding officer of a company, to enrol every such citizen, as aforesaid, and also those who shall, from time to time, arrive at the age of eighteen years, or being of the age of eighteen years and under the age of forty-five years (except as before excepted) shall come to reside within his bounds; and shall without delay notify such citizen of the said enrolment, by a proper non-commissioned officer of the company, by whom such notice may be proved.—That every citizen, so enrolled and notified, shall, within six months thereafter, provide himself with a good musket or firelock, a sufficient bayonet and belt, two spare flints, and a knapsack, a pouch with a box therein to contain not less than twenty-four cartridges, suited to the bore of his musket or firelock, each cartridge to contain a proper quantity of powder and ball: or with a good rifle, knapsack, shot-pouch and powder-horn, twenty balls suited to the bore of his rifle, and a quarter of a pound of powder; and shall appear, so armed, accoutred and provided, when called out to exercise or into service, except, that when called out on company days to exercise only, he may appear without a knapsack. That the commissioned

officers shall severally be armed with a sword or hanger, and espontoon; that from and after five years from the passing of this act, all muskets for arming the militia as is herein required, shall be of bores sufficient for balls of the eighteenth part of a pound: and every citizen so enrolled, and providing himself with the arms, ammunition and accoutrements required, as aforesaid, shall hold the same exempted from all suits, distresses, executions or sales, for debt or for the payment of taxes.

And be it further enacted, That the vice-president of the United States; the officers, judicial and executive, of the government of the United States; the members of both houses of congress, and their respective officers; all custom-house officers, with their clerks; all post-officers, and stage-drivers who are employed in the care and conveyance of the mail of the post-office of the United States; all ferrymen employed at any ferry on the post road; all inspectors of exports; all pilots; all mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States; and all persons who now are or may hereafter be exempted by the laws of the respective states, shall be and are hereby exempted from militia duty, notwithstanding their being above the age of eighteen, and under the age of forty-five years.

And be it further enacted, That within one year after the passing of this act, the militia of the respective states shall be arranged into divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions and companies, as the legislature of each state shall direct; and each division, brigade, and regiment, shall be numbered at the formation thereof; and a record made of such numbers in the adjutant-general's office in the state; and when in the field, or in service in the state, each division, brigade and regiment shall, respectively, take rank according to their numbers, reckoning the first or lowest number highest in rank. That if the same be convenient, each brigade shall consist of four regiments; each regiment of two battalions; each battalion of five companies; each company of sixty-four privates. That the said militia shall be officered by the respective states, as follows: To each division, one major-general and two aids-de-camp, with the rank of major; to each brigade, one brigadier-general with one brigade inspector, to serve also as a brigade-major, with the rank of a major; to each regiment, one lieutenant-colonel commandant; and to each battalion, one major; to each company, one captain, one lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, one drummer, and one fifer or bugler. That there shall be a regimental staff, to consist of one adjutant, and one quarter-master, to rank as lieutenants; one paymaster; one surgeon, and one surgeon's-mate; one sergeant-major; one drum-major, and one fife-major.

And be it further enacted, That out of the militia enrolled, as is hereon directed, there shall be formed for each battalion, at least one company of grenadiers, light infantry or riflemen; and that to each division there shall be, at least, one company of artillery, and one troop of horse: There shall be to each company of artillery, one captain, two lieutenants, four serjeants, four corporals, six gunners, six bombardiers, one drummer, and one fifer: The officers to be armed with a sword or hanger, a fusee, bayonet and belt, with a cartridge box to contain twelve cartridges; and each private or matross shall furnish himself with all the equipments of a private in the infantry, until proper ordnance and field artillery is provided. There shall be to each troop of horse, one captain, two lieutenants, one cornet, four serjeants, four corporals, one saddler, one farrier, and one trumpeter. The commissioned officers to furnish themselves with good horses, of at least fourteen hands and an half high, and to be armed with a sword and pair of pistols, the holsters of which to be covered with bearskin caps. Each dragoon to furnish himself with a serviceable horse, at least fourteen hands and an half high, a good saddle, bridle, mail pillion and valise, holsters, and a breast-plate and crupper, a pair of boots and spurs, a pair of pistols, a sabre, and a cartouch box to contain twelve cartridges for pistols. That each company of artillery and troop of horse shall be formed of volunteers from the brigade, at the discretion of the commander in chief of the state, not exceeding one company of each to a regiment, nor more in number than one eleventh part of the infantry, and shall be uniformly cloathed in regimentals, to be furnished at their own expence; the colour and fashion to be determined by the brigadier commanding the brigade to which they belong.

And be it further enacted, That each battalion and regiment shall be provided with the state and regimental colours by the field officers, and each company with a drum and fife or bugle horn, by the commissioned officers of the company, in such manner as the legislature of the respective states shall direct.

And be it further enacted, That there shall be an adjutant-general appointed in each state, whose duty it shall be to distribute all orders from the commander in chief of the state to the several corps; to attend all public reviews, when the commander in chief of the state shall review the militia, or any part thereof; to obey all orders from him relative to carrying into execution and perfecting the system of military discipline established by this act; to furnish blank forms of different returns that may be required, and to explain the principles on which they should be made; to receive from the several officers of the different corps throughout the state, returns of the militia under their command, reporting the actual situation of their arms, accoutrements and ammunition, their delinquencies, and every other thing which relates to the general advancement of good order and discipline: All which, the several officers of the divisions, brigades, regiments and battalions are hereby required to make in the usual manner, so that the said adjutant-general may be duly furnished therewith: From all which returns he shall make proper abstracts, and lay the same annually before the commander in chief of the state.

And be it further enacted, That the rules of discipline approved and established by congress in their resolution of the twenty-ninth of March, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, shall be the rules of discipline to be observed by the militia throughout the United States, except such deviations from the said rules as may be rendered necessary by the requisitions of this act, or by some other unavoidable circumstances. It shall be the duty of the commanding officer at every muster, whether by battalion, regiment or single company, to cause the militia to be exercised and trained agreeably to the said rules of discipline.

And be it further enacted, That all commissioned officers shall take rank according to the date of their commissions; and when two of the same grade bear an equal date, then their rank to be determined by lots, to be drawn by them before the commanding officer of the brigade, regiment, battalion, company or detachment.

And be it further enacted, That if any person, whether officer or soldier, belonging to the militia of any state, and called out into the service of the United States, be wounded or disabled while in actual service, he shall be taken care of and provided for at the public expence.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the brigade inspector to attend the regimental and battalion meetings of the militia composing their several brigades, during the time of their being under arms, to inspect their arms, ammunition and accoutrements; superintend their exercise and manœuvres, and introduce the system of military discipline before described throughout the brigade, agreeable to law and such orders as they shall, from time to time, receive from the commander in chief of the state; to make returns to the adjutant-general of the state, at least once in every year, of the militia of the brigade to which he belongs, reporting therein the actual situation of the arms, accoutrements and ammunition, of the several corps, and every other thing which, in his judgment, may relate to their government and the general advancement of good order and military discipline; and the adjutant-general shall make a return of all the militia of the state to the commander in chief of the state, and a duplicate of the same to the president of the United States.

And, whereas sundry corps of artillery, cavalry and infantry, now exist in several of the said states, which by the laws, customs, or usages thereof, have not been incorporated with or subject to the general regulations of the rest of the militia; *Be it enacted*, That such corps retain their accustomed privileges, subject, nevertheless, to all other duties required by this act, in like manner with the other militia.

JONATHAN TRUMBULL, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
RICHARD HENRY LEE, President pro tempore of the Senate.

Approved, May 2d, 1792.
GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the United States.

Deposited among the Rolls in the office of the Secretary of State,
THOMAS JEFFERSON, Secretary of State.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday the 28th day of June next, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, part of two tracts of land, the one called *Warfield's Range*, the other called *Venison's Park*, on Elk-Ridge, about four miles from Spurrier's tavern; taken as the property of Mark Brown Sappington, and sold to satisfy a debt due to Charles Wallace and John Muir. The sale to be for cash.

W. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

May 23, 1792.

Sixteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away about the 28th of April last, a negro man named PHILL, commonly called Phill Meredith, by some Phill Hooper, about 39 years old, five feet six or seven inches high, well made and extremely active, by trade a carpenter; he can work at the cooper's and shoe-maker's business; has a thick upper lip, speaks quick, and fond of playing on the violin; he has three remarkable scars, one above one of his eye-brows, one on his upper lip, and the third on one of his feet; had on, and carried with him when he went away, a short negro cotton jacket and overalls, one brown jeans or fustian coat and breeches, black satinet jacket, nankeen coloured jacket bordered with red, one pair of striped Holland trousers, a pair of cotton and thread do. two pair of boots, one pair of shoes split up the foot and a piece put in, two cotton and thread shirts, two linen do. and one osnabrig do. and sundry other cloathing. He is well acquainted with the negroes at Mr. John R. Key's and Mr. Bruce's, in Frederick county, at Mr. Watts's, in Anne-Arundel county, and Mr. Heath's on the eastern shore; it is therefore not unlikely he may attempt to get to one of the above places, particularly to Mr. Key's and Mr. Bruce's, he having a brother and sister living with them. All persons are cautioned against employing or concealing the above described slave, or carrying him out of the state; and whoever will deliver him to the subscriber, commit him to the gaol in Annapolis, or send him to Mr. Samuel Bond, near Piscataway, shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD BOND.

Chaptico, St. Mary's county, May 14, 1792.

Port-Tobacco, May 1, 1792.

THE co-partnership of ADAM CRAIK and Co. being dissolved by the death of Adam Craik, all those who are indebted to that establishment for dealings at their store in this place, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscriber, who is fully empowered to receive and grant discharges.

GEORGE CLEMENTS.

In CHANCERY, May 23, 1792.

THIS court having been prevented, by the non-attendance of the solicitors, at that time attending Baltimore county court, from proceeding to the business of May term, on the day for that purpose appointed—It is ORDERED, That this court proceed to the business aforesaid on Tuesday the fifth of June next, and that public notice be given accordingly.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to be held at the city of Annapolis, for a discharge from my debts, which I am unable to pay.

JOSIAH RILEY.

Kent county, May 17, 1792.

HYDER ALLY,

NOW the property of the subscriber, is in high perfection, and stands this season at the seat of RICHARD CHEW, Esquire, to cover mares at two guineas each, payable the first day of September next, when it is expected the strictest punctuality will be observed.

HYDER ALLY is a beautiful gray, elegantly dappled, full fifteen hands three inches high, body, lengthy, strong, and active, his strong resemblance to his sire, whose stock stands in high estimation both for the turf and saddle, will, it is presumed, entitle him to a preference, and his pedigree following will prove his blood equal to that of any horse in America.

He was got by the noted Arabian, his dam by Othello, his grand-dam (an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's stud) by Spot, his great-grand-dam by Cartouch, his great-great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Sedbury, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare.

Excellent pastures are provided for mares coming from afar at 2/6 per week, and every possible care taken of them, but accidents and escapes must be at the risk of their owners.

PETER EMMERSON.

March 10, 1792.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber the 14th day of April last, a negro fellow named BILL, but since he went away he calls himself WILL SHORTER, he is about twenty-two years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, of a yellow complexion; had on when he went away, a Queen's blue over jacket, a waistcoat of blue broad cloth, and a pair of black breeches; this fellow is remarkable cunning and artful, of a good address when spoken to; it is presumed he will change his dress and endeavour to pass for a free man, as he has petitioned to the general court, and summoned me for an excuse. Whoever takes up the said fellow, and delivers him, to me in Charles county, near Upper Cedar Point ferry, shall receive SIX DOLLARS if taken up in the county, and if out of the county the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid, by

WILLIAM TYAR.

Charles county, May 17, 1792.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed to the house formerly occupied by Robert Couden, Esquire, opposite Messieurs RIDGELY and EVANS's Store, Church-street, where he carries on the HAT MANUFACTORY in all its various forms. Merchants may be supplied with any quantity of Hats on reasonable notice, upon moderate terms. Ladies and Gentlemen may have Hats made upon the shortest information, pursuant to their directions. Said subscriber hopes, by special attention to his business, to merit the favours of all who think him worthy their employ.

JOHN LONG.

N. B. The subscriber further begs leave to inform the public, that he keeps an ELECTRIFYING MACHINE, of which all persons may receive the benefit on the lowest terms. 6 w J. L.

May 17, 1792.

A Young JACK ASS,
Got by
ROYAL GIFT,

STANDS this season at Mr. SPRIGG's farm, on West river, and covers mares and jennies at four dollars each, ready cash, or six dollars on credit.

Also covers at the same place, at three dollars a mare, the season, a capital five years old country HORSE, got by the West river coach horse, out of a mare of the New-England breed.

Mares and jennies will be received by JAMES SAUNDERS, jun. (the overseer) who will not be answerable for escapes or other accidents. Good pasturage, under an excellent fence, at three shillings and nine-pence per week.

April 17, 1792.

JOHN RIGBY,

STAY-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has lately removed to the house formerly occupied by *Robert Couden*, Esq; opposite Messrs. Ridgely and Evans's store, Church-street, where he prosecutes the STAY-MAKING BUSINESS in its various branches—He also returns his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the encouragement received since he commenced business in this city, and hopes, by diligence and due application, still to merit the favour of all who honour him with their commands.

Ladies, who live at a distance, may have stays made to fit them by sending the linings of their old ones, or measuring in the following manner, viz.

1. From the top of the fore-part to the peek-end.
2. From the top of the back to the lower lace-hole.
3. Round the body close under the arms.
4. Round the waist.
5. Under the arms as low as the hip.
6. Cross the breast from arm to arm.

N. B. Orders from any distance will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. J. R.

May 15, 1792. 3

Herring Bay, May 7, 1792.

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be sold, at the late dwelling house of Mrs. Sarah Chew, on Herring Bay, for the purpose of payment of claims against the estate of the late Mr. Richard Chew, on the first Tuesday in June, for ready money,

A PARCEL of NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls.

RICHARD CHEW, Executor
of SARAH CHEW.

4X

NOTICE,

THAT the sale of the property belonging to the estate of the late WILLIAM SANDERS, is postponed until Thursday the 7th of next month, when it will commence as advertised.

F. GREEN,
W. W. DAVIS, } Executors.

4X

May 1, 1792.

PUBLIC SALE
ON CREDIT.

On THURSDAY the 7th of June, will be sold, at public vendue, at the late dwelling plantation of Mr. *William Sanders*, on South river, in Anne-Arundel county,

HORSES, cattle, sheep and hogs; plantation utensils, household and kitchen furniture; wheat, corn and tobacco; a boat about twenty feet keel, with anchor, sails and oars, complete; and a valuable stud-horse. Bond on interest, with approved security, will be required; the interest to be regularly paid, or the indulgence of credit to be forfeited.

F. GREEN,
W. W. DAVIS, } Executors.

6X

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH, on THURSDAY the 14th day of June, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the dwelling of the subscriber, on South River,

PART of the personal property of VACHEL JOHNSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of FEATHER BEDS, and a few other articles. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock.

WILLIAM JAMES, Administrator
de bonis non, with the will annexed.

2

Charles county, May 2, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we the subscribers intend to petition the next Charles county court for a commission to ascertain and mark the lines and boundaries of certain tracts of land lying in the county aforesaid, being parts of Calvert's Manor, part granted to Richard Smith, senior, in 1708, and one other part to Basil Brooke in 1767, also Tany's Purchase, adjoining the latter, and one other tract called Recompence, adjoining the former, agreeable to an act of assembly in such cases lately made and provided.

HENRY GREENFIELD SOTHORON,
CHARLES SOMERSET SMITH,
HENRY ARUNDEL SMITH.

4X

THIS is to give notice, that the 8th day of June next is appointed for a meeting of the creditors of THOMAS ORRICE, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, in order that they may receive their just dividend of the deceased's estate, according to the amount of the claims exhibited, and agreeably to an act of assembly in that case made and provided; and all those who neglect to come in on the day appointed, will be shut out from receiving any part of their claim, provided the claims produced should exhaust the amount of the estate. The meeting will be at the house of

JAMES WEST, Administrator.

May 6, 1792. 3X

May 1, 1792.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to petition the next court for St. Mary's county, for a commission to ascertain and establish the lines and boundaries of the tract of land on which he lives, situated between Indian and Trent creeks, on Patuxent river, in said county.

HENRY GREENFIELD SOTHORON.

4X

A few TICKETS

In KIRWAN'S PROPERTY *and* CASH LOTTERY,

May be had at this Office, if speedily applied for. The capital Prize in the above Lottery is 4600 Dollars——An Object well worthy the Attention of those who are inclined to venture.

William Caton,

LADIES and GENTLEMENS
HAIR-DRESSER & PERFUMER,

At the Sign of the HEAD-DRESS,
Francis-Street,

HAS just IMPORTED, from LONDON, via *Philadelphia*, in the latest arrivals, a complete Assortment of the following

ARTICLES,

Which he will sell on the most reasonable terms,

——Viz.——

ORRICE, Violet, French, Philadelphia, Common and Marechalle, HAIR-POWDERS. Violet, Franchisepane, Vanille, Rose, Jessamine, Tubereuse, Oillet, Marechalle, Bouquet, Mille Fleur and Orange, POMATUMS. Lemon, Bergamot, Citron, Cloves, Lavender and Thyme, COMMON POMATUMS. Patent Windsor, Almond, Castile, Joppa, Naples and Shaving, SOAPS. Double distilled Lavender, Hungary, Bergamot, Jessamine, Bouquet, Mille Fleur, Orange, Tubereuse, Chypre, Citron and Suave, PERFUMED WATERS. Lemon, Citron, Cedra, Bergamot, Lavender and Orange, ESSENCES. Jessamine, Cloves, Lavender and Thyme, OILS. Chemical, Royal Marble, Camphire, Bergamot, Lavender, Italian and Shaving Powder, WASH-BALLS. For the HAIR, Hair Pins, Rollers, Pinching, Craping, Curling and Cold Irons; Powder Knives, Hair Scissars, Hair Ribbon, Powder Bags, Swandown and Silk Puffs, of all kinds; Powder Boxes, Tortoise Shell, Horn, Ivory and Box Combs, that will not split; an infallible POMATUM, that will nourish the hair, make it grow thick and long, and preserve it to extreme old age. For the TEETH, Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powder, of all sorts, and Tooth Picks.

ALSO,——French Rouge, Razors and Razor and Elastic Strops, of the best Makers, warranted; Lip Salve, a Variety of Smelling Bottles, Wash-Ball and Soap Boxes, Dressing Cases, Shaving, Nail, Cloaths, and Hair Brushes, Sealing Wax and Wafers; Black Sticking and Court Plaister; Scissars, Dress and Hair Cushions; a Variety of Dressing Cases, containing the whole Apparatus for shaving; Braids, False Tails, Walking Canes, Band and Hat Boxes, Boot Jacks, Oil Clothes for Hats, Bathing Caps; and a small quantity of BEAR's GREASE, that will thicken the Hair, and hasten the growth thereby, nourish it at the roots, and prevent it from turning gray.

His Royal Chemical WASH-BALL, for rendering the hands and arms delicately white and soft, it prevents them from chopping or tanning, is one of the greatest preservers of natural bloom and beauty, and is far superior to any kind of Wash-ball whatever.

Mr. CATON begs leave to inform those ladies that do not choose the trouble of hair-dressing, that he makes all kinds of ornamental FALSE-HAIR, upon an entire new method, to accord with the features in every stage of life, and of so light and easy a construction that they look better than when a lady is dressed by the most expert hair-dresser. Those ladies wanting a complete head-dress, must give at least three days notice, as they must be made on purpose in order to make them fit well.

*** ORDERS from the country duly attended to.

He takes this opportunity to return his unfeigned thanks to his customers and the public for their liberal encouragement, and hopes for their further patronage and protection.

3

LAND.

SANDGATE, to be sold, containing between 3 and 400 acres, one mile from Annapolis, on the Baltimore and South river roads. Apply to MATTHIAS BORDLEY, Wye river, Queen-Anne's county.

4

John Petty, and Co.

Have for SALE at their STORE in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE and general assortment of GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, which they will dispose off, on the very lowest terms for CASH, Bills of EXCHANGE, or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

6

St. Mary's county, April 30, 1792.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to give them the same title to the following tracts of land, called by the names of Mattapony, White's Neck, and Saint Catharine's Island, lately the property of Mary Neale Cheseldine, deceased, as if the act of assembly, entitled, An act altering descents, had never passed.

KENELM CHESELDINE,
CALESTINESS CHESELDINE.

4

SAMUEL HUTTON,
Coach-Maker,

BEGS leave to return his thanks to his old customers, and the public in general, for their past favours in the line of his business, and hopes to merit their favours in future, as he has supplied himself with a very valuable parcel of the best timber and materials for the above business in all its various branches. Those who will please to favour him with their commands, may be assured that they shall have their work well done, and on as reasonable terms as it can be done in the state.

P. S. TWO APPRENTICES wanted immediately to the above business, from 14 to 16 years of age.

Coach and Sign Painting

Done in the neatest manner, and on as reasonable terms as it can be done in the state.

Annapolis, May 16, 1792. 3 8w

Scheme of a Lottery,

For the disposal of sundry MERCHANDISE, by JOHN WASTENEYS.

1	Prize of	200	is	200 dolls.
1		150		150
1		100		100
2		50		100
6		40		240
15		30		450
15		20		300
20		16		320
30		10		300
50		6		300
859		4		3436
1	first drawn Number,			20
1	last do.	do.		20
		Contingent expences,		64
1002	Prizes.			6000
2000	Blanks.			
3000	Tickets, at 2 dollars each, is			6000

Among which GOODS are a very great and elegant variety of chintzes, printed cottons, muslins and linens; muslin gown patterns, striped with silk; tamboured muslin gown patterns and aprons, with plain, striped and sprigged, muslins; corded dimities and muslinets; black blond and thread, laces and edgings; black and white gauzes, satins, modes and lutestrings; silk, and silk and cotton vest-patterns; Scotch linens, cambricks and lawns; silk, cotton and thread, hosiery; women's hats, bonnets and cloaks; sheeting and diapers, &c. &c. &c. These goods are all of the best quality, and bought at the first market from the different manufactories; have been but about 18 months in this country, of course they are fresh and in good order, which will render this lottery advantageous to adventurers. There are not quite two blanks to one prize. The drawing will be in the city of Annapolis, as soon as the tickets are disposed of, under the inspection of proper managers, of which notice will be given in the Maryland Gazette, and after the drawing is finished a list of the prizes will be published for the information of adventurers.

Herring Bay, December 16, 1791. 11

Patowmack Company.

By the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the PATOWMACK COMPANY, April 12, 1792.

EIGHT per cent. on each share in the Patowmack Company is hereby required to be paid into the hands of William Hartshorne, treasurer to the company, on or before the 10th day of October next.

Those who have not yet paid up former calls are desired to discharge the whole due thereon as soon as may be, and if not done by the first day of August, legal proceedings will be had against them.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President,
GEORGE GILPIN,
DAVID STUART,
NOTLEY YOUNG, } Directors.

The act of incorporation of the company having made it essential to the operation of transfers of shares, that the same should be by deed executed before two witnesses, and registered, after proof of the execution thereof, in the company's books, without having defined the mode of proof, this board judge that it is convenient and necessary that a uniform mode of proof should be followed, and they therefore RESOLVE, That the execution of all deeds of transfer, before the same be registered in the company's books, be proved by the oath of at least two of the witnesses thereto before two judges or justices of some court of record or county, and be by them so certified, and that a certificate, under the hand of the clerk and seal of the county of which they are judges or justices, or of the court of the county of which they are judges or justices, that they were judges or justices as aforesaid, be endorsed on the deed and registered therewith.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President,
JOHN FITZGERALD,
DAVID STUART, } Directors.

April 13, 1792. 5

CAME to the subscriber, on the 6th day of May, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, shod all round, paces, trots and gallops, about 12 or 13 years old, no brand, a small star in her forehead. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

HUGH DRUMMOND.

2X

SECOND CONGRESS
OF THE UNITED STATES.

At the first session, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday the twenty-fourth of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

An ACT for apportioning representatives among the several states, according to the first enumeration.

BE it enacted by the Senate, and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the third day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, the house of representatives shall be composed of members elected agreeably to a ratio of one member for every thirty-three thousand persons in each state, computed according to the rule prescribed by the constitution; that is to say: Within the state of New-Hampshire, four; within the state of Massachusetts, fourteen; within the state of Vermont, two; within the state of Rhode-Island, two; within the state of Connecticut, seven; within the state of New-York, ten; within the state of New-Jersey, five; within the state of Pennsylvania, thirteen; within the state of Delaware, one; within the state of Maryland, eight; within the state of Virginia, nineteen; within the state of Kentucky, two; within the state of North-Carolina, ten; within the state of South-Carolina, six; and within the state of Georgia, two members.

JONATHAN TRUMBULL, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

RICHARD HENRY LEE, President pro tempore of the Senate.

Approved, May 8, 1792. 3

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the United States.

A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act directing the time, places and manner, of holding elections for representatives of this state in the congress of the United States, and for appointing electors on the part of this state for choosing a president and vice-president of the United States, and for the regulation of the said elections, and also to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned.

BE it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That provided this state should be entitled to nine members in the next house of representatives of the United States, then and in that case it shall be and is hereby divided into eight districts, in the following order, to wit: Saint-Mary's, Charles, and Calvert counties, shall be the first; Prince-George's and Anne-Arundel counties, including the city of Annapolis, the second; Montgomery county, and that part of Frederick county adjacent, as far as Monocacy, from the mouth thereof to the Pennsylvania line, the third; the remainder of Frederick county, Washington and Allegany counties, the fourth; Baltimore-town, and Baltimore and Harford counties, the fifth; Cæcil, Kent, and Queen-Anne's counties, the sixth; Caroline, Talbot, and Dorchester counties, the seventh; and Somerset and Worcester counties, the eighth, districts.

And be it enacted, That provided this state should be entitled to no more than eight members as aforesaid, then and in that case it shall be and is hereby divided into eight districts, to wit: The first four shall remain as in the preceding clause; Baltimore-town and Baltimore county shall be the fifth; Harford, Cæcil, and Kent counties, the sixth; Queen-Anne's, Caroline, and Talbot counties, the seventh; and Dorchester, Somerset, and Worcester counties, shall be the eighth, districts.

And be it enacted, That the sheriff of Frederick county shall cause two distinct polls to be kept, one for the voters of that part of the county which lies within the third district, and one for that part of the county which lies within the fourth district.

And be it enacted, That each district shall be entitled to send one member, except in the event of this state's being entitled to nine members, and in that case the fifth district shall be allowed (and each voter in said district may vote for) two members; the elections, in all other respects, shall be held at the time, in the manner, and according to the directions of the act to which this is a supplement.

And be it enacted, That every person entitled and offering to vote for electors of president and vice-president, agreeably to the directions of the act to which this is a supplement, shall, if this state should be entitled to ten electors, have a right to vote for ten persons, six of whom shall be residents of the western and four of the eastern shore; and if this state should be entitled to eleven electors, every person as aforesaid shall have a right to vote for eleven persons, seven of whom shall be residents of the western and four of the eastern shore; and the six or seven persons, as the case may be, residents of the western, and the four residents of the eastern, shore, having the greatest number of votes of all the candidates of their respective shores, shall be declared to be duly elected.

And be it enacted, That so much of the act to which this is a supplement which is inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

And be it enacted, That as soon as congress pass an act ascertaining the ratio of representation, the governor and council are hereby requested to cause the same, together with this act, to be published in the Maryland Journal, and Baltimore Advertiser, the Annapolis and the Easton papers. 3

Annapolis, March 21, 1792.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public, and his friends in particular, that he intends carrying on the BOOK-BINDING business in all its various branches; his capacity and assiduity to please, he flatters himself, will meet the patronage of a liberal public. 9

STEPHEN CLARK.

SCHEME
OF
WILLIAM ALLEIN's LAND, &c.
LOTTERY.

No. 1,	1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, - -	793	10	0
2,	1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Marlborough,	320	0	0
3,	1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, -	200	0	0
4,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 3, ditto, -	100	0	0
5,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 4, ditto, -	100	0	0
6,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 5, ditto, - -	100	0	0
7,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 6, ditto, - -	100	0	0
	1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, -	37	10	0
	21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, -	63	0	0
	145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound, in bottles, -	435	0	0
	First drawn blank, - -	1	0	0
	173 Prizes.	£. 2250	0	0
	577 Blanks.			
	750 Tickets, at £. 3 each,	£. 2250	0	0

MANAGERS,

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Belt, Queen-Anne; John Brooke, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Trueman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grahame, Peter Emmerson, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Huntt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the cartage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warrantees, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792. 6

A TUTOR.

A SINGLE man who can be well recommended, and is capable of initiating youth in the subsequent useful and necessary branches of literature, viz.

ENGLISH, grammatically,
WRITING, in all its useful hands,
ARITHMETIC, vulgar and decimal, &c. &c.

Would engage for one or more years upon very reasonable terms, as a public or private tutor, with any gentleman who will advance the advertiser £ 10, for which he will give bond. Any gentleman whom this may suit, on application to the printer hereof, will be fully satisfied in every essential particular.

January 13, 1792. 13

THE visitors of EDEN SCHOOL, in Somerset county, hereby give public notice, that they intend to apply to the next general assembly for a law to enable them to sell the said school house, and the lands thereto belonging, and to apply the money arising therefrom, after refunding sundry disbursements made by the said visitors, to the purchase of a sufficient quantity of land, and building a school in the neighbourhood of Snow-hill-town, in Worcester county.

Somerset county, March 31, 1792. 0 X

Five Pounds Reward.

A YOUNG MULATTO WOMAN left my plantation some weeks ago, and (as I am since informed) has been about Annapolis passing for one of the Butlers; her name is JEMIMA (commonly called MIMY); she is of the middle stature, of a streight and rather slender make, and has a pleasing countenance when in a good humour; she took with her, beside other cloathing not known, a calico habit and brown linen jacket and petticoat. Whoever secures her in any gaol, so that I may get her again, shall receive the above reward, from 10

G. R. BROWN.

Port-Tobacco, January 12, 1792.

SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of three tracts or lots of LAND about one mile north of the city of WASHINGTON; and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, as follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on it are 18 acres of meadow-ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choice fruit. At the western extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river Patowmack and city of Washington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road, and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood, and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the meandering waters of the Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 21 feet, and abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a country seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Washington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is		£. 7000		
No. 1,	1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 20 per acre	2140	0	0
2,	1 do. of 84 do. do.	1680	0	0
3,	1 do. of 39 do. do.	780	0	0
1 to 14,	14 lots in George-town, at 65l. each,	910	0	0
	1 prize in cash,	100	0	0
	1 ditto,	50	0	0
	1 ditto,	46	0	0
	647 ditto, of 40s. each,	1294	0	0
		£. 7000		
	667 Prizes.			
	3333 Blanks.			

MANAGERS.

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin Stoddert, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkeld, and Samuel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Walker, Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Muir, and John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots of land contiguous to the city of Washington, whose increase in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—Hence, therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, or sooner, if the tickets are all sold, which he flatters himself will be the case from his present prospects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the cash prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the fortunate numbers will be immediately published. The crop now on the lots is reserved to the subscriber. A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann's.

☞ TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wallace and Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George Mann.

JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

*** *On account of the severity of the winter the drawing of the above lottery is postponed to the first of August next.* 12

St. Mary's county, April 10, 1792.

WHEREAS my wife ELIZABETH ATTAWAY BOND hath eloped from my bed and board without just cause, and, influenced by ill advisers, refuses to return and live with me, this is to forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date, and those who harbour and secrete her shall be prosecuted according to law. 6 X

THOMAS BOND.

Sotterly, St. Mary's county, April 9, 1792.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE PLATER, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to THOMAS PLATER, of George-town, or the subscribers, and those who have any claims are desired to bring them in legally proved, to

GEORGE PLATER,
JOHN ROUSBY PLATER, } Executors.

6

Every Kind of

LATIN and GREEK BOOKS,

For Sale, at ADAMS's Office, Baltimore. 5

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.